

Alexandria DAILY Gazette,



Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.]

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1809.

[No. 2549]

Sales at Vendue.

every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD

the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and

Water streets.

Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in

bills of the day—All kinds of goods

which are on limitation and the prices of

which are established, can at any time be

seen and purchased at the lowest limitation

prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

COTTON.

9 bales PRIME UPLAND COTTON,

sale by the subscriber, at a very moderate

price and on a liberal credit.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

June 1.

Jult. Published,

BY COTTON AND STEWART,

And for sale at their Store,

(Price One Dollar)

The Exile of Erin.

A NOVEL.

By Mrs. Plunkett—late Miss Gunning.

January 6.

Cotton and Stewart

Have just published their

ALMANAC for 1809.

Containing a great deal of useful and enter-

taining matter. For sale by the thousand

copy, or single one.

Fascistic Three-slit Metallic Pens.

Price One Dollar—

Just received by ROBERT GRAY,

Also,

A general assortment of

Dr. C. Patent Family Medicines,

AND

Rogers' Vegetable Pulmonic

Detergent.

March 17.

Just Received

FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

A few copies of the works e

FISHER AMES,

Compiled by a number of his friends—to

which are prefixed notices of his life and char-

acter. Price \$ 3 50 in boards.

May 17.

FRESH FRUIT.

subscriber has just received and offers for

sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,

Muscot and Bloom Raisins

boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

ROBERT GRAY,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

The following new Songs

SET TO MUSIC :

The Lay of Love, written by J. L. Lewis,

The music composed by Dr. J. Clarke.

Price 25 cents.

The Home of my Heart, a Ballad, sung

Mr. Incledan, and composed by Mr. E.

Helps. Price 25 cents.

Twice Forward, a favorite Cotillion, a-

dded to the new song of No, no, no, it

can't be so. Price 25 cents.

The Days that are gone, a Ballad, with an

accompaniment for the piano forte, com-

posed by Dr. Clarke. Price 37 1-2 cents.

On a beautiful Butterfly, burnt in a ball

on. Price 12 1-2 cts.

June 6.

Joseph Mandeville,

OWNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

Has Received,

100 half boxes Roussett's CI-

RS, warranted of the very first quality

full contents.

real Maccouba Snuff,

Appé do Coarse and Fine,

boxes fresh MUSTARD,

Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, is

2d quality.

THE HAS ALSO,

General Assortment as usual,

good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE-

RIES, for sale.

December 2.

FOR SALE.

Between 4 and 5000 lb. of COFFEE of a good quality.

— ALSO —

25 boxes HAVANNA SUGARS, on a liberal credit.

G. Coleman.

July 18.

6t

Potomac Company.

THE Stockholders of the Potomac Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the said Company will be held according to law at the Union Tavern in Geo. Town on MONDAY the 7th day of August next, to whom will then be submitted the proceedings of the Board of Directors, with the Treasurer's account of receipts and disbursements since the last general meeting.

By order of the Board,

Jos. Carleton,

Treasurer of the Potomac Company.

Geo. Town, July 14. d3 w

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

THE Stockholders in this institution are hereby informed, that the President and Directors have declared a dividend of five pr. ct on that part of the capital stock now paid—which will be ready to be paid the stockholders or their legal representatives, in ten days from this date.

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'y.

July 8.—[4.]

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Recommenced the Grocery Business,

At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 7.

dif.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

To be sold, at public auction, at Northumberland court house, in the county of Northumberland, and state of Virginia, on TUESDAY, the fifth day of September next, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, Five contiguous Plantations,

Amounting together to about 2700 Acres,

SITUATE on the river Potomac, and the ground is laid off into seven building lots, 4 on Cameron street, from 34 to 30 feet front, and running back 100 feet to a 15 feet alley, and three lots on Pitt-street, 21 feet front, running back 108 feet to a 15 feet alley

The terms of sale will be—One fourth cash, & the residue payable in 3, 6 & 9 months. Negotiable notes with approved endorsers will be required. The sale to commence at the coffee house in Alexandria, at 9 o'clock, in the afternoon. A plat of the lots may be seen on application at the clerk's office.

For London—direct.

The substantial fast sailing Ship FAME, two hundred and sixty tons burthen, S. FITCH, master; will sail in 8 days. For passage only apply to the Captain on board, or

Charles I. Nourse.

George-Town, July 15—17. d1w

FOR BOSTON,

The fast sailing Schooner

RISING SUN,

ISAAC BEARS, MASTER;

Has good accommodations for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to

Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

Who have for sale, landing from said schooner

40 tons Plaster Paris.

July 19. 3t

PARTNERSHIP.

Having formed a PARTNERSHIP with my brother BENEDICT, I beg leave to inform

my FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS, that the

DRY-GOOD BUSINESS

WILL IN FUTURE BE CARRIED ON UNDER

THE FIRM OF

Benedict Brashears and Co.

At the corner of King and Royal-streets—

where they have now, and will continue to

keep a good assortment of GOODS, to be sold

only for cash, or to punctual customers on a

short credit.

TRUEMAN BRASHEARS.

July 6.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

Having formed a PARTNERSHIP with my brother BENEDICT, I beg leave to inform

my FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS, that the

DRY-GOOD BUSINESS

WILL IN FUTURE BE CARRIED ON UNDER

THE FIRM OF

E. Dulin.

June 9. dtf

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the honorable

United States Circuit Court of the

District of Columbia, for the County of Alex-

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

A SCOTCH SONG...

WHEN I UPON THY BOSOM LEAN.
Written by JOHN LAPRAIK, and addressed
to his wife, who had been fretting over
their misfortunes. See Note, in RELIQUE
OF BURNS, p. 106.

WHEN I upon thy bosom lean,
And fondly clasp thee a' to't,
I glory in the sacred ties
That made us one, wha once were twain:
A mutual flame inspires us baith,
The tender look, the melting kiss;
Even years shall ne'er destroy our love,
But only gie us change o'bliss.

Hae I a wish? its a' for thee;
I ken thy wina is me to please;
Our moments pass sae smooth awa,
That numbers on us look and gaze,
Weel pleasd' hey see our happy days,
Nor envy's sel finds aught to blame;
And ay when weary cares arise:
Thy bosom still shall be my hame.

I'll lay me there, and take my rest,
And it that aught disturbs my dear,
I'll bid her laugh her cares away,
And beg her not to drap a tear:
Had I a joy! its a' her ain;
United still her heart and mine;
They're like the woodbine round the tree,
That's twin'd till death shall them disjoin."

The following beautiful lines were written
by Lord Palmerston, on the death of his
wife.

Whoe'er like me, with trembling anguish
brings,
His heart's whole treasure to fair Bristol
springs;
Whoe'er like me, to soothe disease & pain,
Shall seek these salutary springs in vain;
Condemn'd like me to bear the faint reply,
To mark the fading cheek, the sinking eye;
From the chill brow to wipe the damps of
death,
And watch in dumb despair, the short'ning
breath;
If chance direct him to this artless line,
Let the sad mourner know his pangs were
mine.
Ordain'd to lose the partner of my breast,
Whose virtues warn'd me, and whose vir-
tues blest;
Fram'd every tie that binds the soul, to prove,
Her duty friendship, and her friendship love.
But yet remembering that the parting sigh,
Appoints the just to slumber—not to die,
The parting tear I check'd, I kiss'd the rod,
And not to earth resign'd her, but to God.

From the BOSTON REPERTORY.

MAN AS HE IS.

In the course of several years editorial
labor, we have frequently availed ourselves
of extracts from the political writings of
Mr. JOHN ADAMS, late president of the U.
States. We have ever found instruction in
perusing his dissertations on government;
instruction confirmed by the authority of
the best historians, and illustrated by actual
observations on men and manners. He ap-
pears to have early enriched his mind with
a store of correct deductions from the les-
sons of general experience; not amassed a
fund of facts, without theory, like Hippo-
crates in the medical world; but like Brown
and other distinguished moderns, to have
constructed his system on principles, es-
tablished by nature, and to have developed
the moral, as they have the physical constitu-
tion of man. Mr. Adams has not con-
tent himself with tracing the various con-
duct of the social being, but has explored
the secret springs of action; by which means
he early detected the errors of certain mod-
ern systems of policy, and cautioned the
world against their impracticability.

Of his political writings, we most esteem
his "DISCOURSES ON DAVILA," a small
volume abounding in sound and profound
illustrations of the human character, which
may be studied attentively, with advantage
by every man who would be a thorough
statesman—while however we profess a
high confidence in the doctrine of this vo-
lume, we conceive it both prudent and just
to ourselves, to add a slight qualification.
We are not convinced that the evident par-
tiality of the author, to concentrating pol-
itical influence and dignity in an individual
supreme magistrate, is better founded than
the notion of Hamilton and Ames, more
strictly republican, and more conformable
to the principles on which our constitution

were predicated. Though we have ob-
served this difference in their sentiments,
we do not presume to condemn or decide.
We leave it to sages to determine.

But to return:—In our republic young
as it is, there have not been wanting instances
of eccentricity, in the conduct of some
distinguished men, for which a superficial
observer, and probably a large portion of
the community, may have been at a loss to
account. But in the "Discourses on Da-
vila" that admirable key to the knowledge
of motive, we find explanations no less sat-
isfactory than striking. We might quote
columns to advantage; but at present, we
confine ourselves to two short extracts; con-
fident that on perusing them what we have
said of Mr. Adam's great knowledge of hu-
man nature, will obtain the ready assent of
our readers.

Extract from No. 7.

"The awful feeling of a mortified emu-
lation, is not peculiar to children. In an
army or a navy, sometimes the interest and
partial favor prevail, to promote officers over
their superiors, or seniors. But the
consequence is that those officers can never
serve again together. They must be dis-
tributed into different corps, or sent on dif-
ferent commands. Nor is this the worst ef-
fect. It almost universally happens, that
the superceded officer feels his heart broken
by his disgrace. His mind is enfeebled by
grief, or disturbed by resentment—and the
instances have been very rare, of any brill-
iant action being performed by such an of-
ficer. What a monument to this character
of human nature is the long list of yellow
admirals in the British service! Consider
the effects of similar disappointments in
civil affairs. Ministers of state, are fre-
quently displaced in all countries—and
what is the consequence? Are they seen
happy in a calm resignation to their fate?
Do they turn their thought from their em-
ployments, to private studies or business?
Are they men of pleasant humor & engag-
ing conversation? Are their hearts at ease?
Or is their conversation on a constant effu-
sion of complaints and murmurs, and their
breasts the residence of resentment and in-
dignation, of grief and sorrow, of malice and
revenge? Is it common to see a man
get the better of his ambition, and despise
the honors he once possessed; or is he com-
monly employed in projects, intrigues after
intrigues, and manœuvres on manœuvres to
recover them? So sweet and delightful to
the human heart is that complacency and
admiration, which attend public offices,
whether they are conferred by the favor of a
prince, derived from hereditary descent,
or obtained by election of the people, that
a mind must be sunk below the feelings of
humanity, or exalted by religion or philo-
sophy far above the common character of
men, to be insensible, or to conquer its in-
sensibility. Pretensions to such conquests
are not uncommon; but the sincerity of
such pretenders is often rendered suspicious
by their constant conversation and conduct,
and even by their countenances. The peo-
ple are so sensible of this, that a man in
this predicament is always on the compas-
sionate list, and, except in cases of great re-
sentment against him for some very unpo-
pular principles of behaviour, they are found
to be always studying some other office for
a disappointed man, to console him in his
affliction."

Extract from No. 9.

After saying that "attention, considera-
tion, and congratulation, comprehend with
sufficient accuracy, the general object of
passion for distinction, in the greater part
of mankind"—and that "the greater num-
ber search for it, neither by vices nor virt-
ues, but by means which common sense
and every day's experience shew; are more
sure to obtain it; by riches, by family re-
cords, by play, and other frivolous personal
accomplishments"—Mr. Adams observes:

"But there are a few, and God knows
but a few, who aim at something more:—
They aim at approbation as well as atten-
tion; at esteem as well as consideratio-
n; and at admiration and gratitude as well as
congratulations. Admiration is indeed the
complete idea of approbation, congratula-
tion and wonder united. This last descrip-
tion of persons is the tribe out of which
proceeds your patriots and heroes and the
most of the great benefactors to mankind.
But for our humiliation, we must still re-
member, that even in these esteemed, be-
loved and adored characters, the passion,
although refined by the purest moral sen-
timents, and intended to be governed by the
best principles, is a passion still; and there-
fore, like all other human distress, unlim-
ited and unsatisfiable. No man was ever con-
tent with any given share of this human
adoration. When Caesar declared he had
lived enough to glory; Caesar might de-
ceive himself, but he did not deceive the
world, who saw his declaration contradicted

by every action of his subsequent life. Man
constantly craves for more, even when he
has no rival: But when he sees another pos-
sessed of more, or drawing away from him-
self a part of what he had, he feels a morti-
fication, arising from the loss of a good he
thought his own: His desire is disappoint-
ed: The pain of a want unsatisfied is in-
creased by a resentment of an injustice, as
he thinks it: He accuses his rival of a theft
or robbery, and the public of taking away
what was his property, and giving it to another.
These feelings and resentments are
but other names for jealousy and envy; and
altogether, they produce some of the keenest
and most tormenting of all sentiments.
These fermentations of the passions are so
common and so well known, that the people
generally presume that a person in such
circumstances is deprived of his judgment,
if not of his veracity and reason."

From the Doylestown Correspondent.

AGRICULTURE.

July 3d, 1809.

MR. MINER,

The season, I believe, is not so far
advanced, but that the publication of the fol-
lowing extracts may be of benefit. They
are taken from the Domestic Encyclopaedia
a work originally compiled and published in
England, by Dr. Willich, and republished in
Philadelphia, with many considerable and
valuable additions, by Dr. Mease. As the
size of this work, (five large octavo vol-
umes) and its consequent high price, will
probably prevent its making its way into
many private families, I should think that a
judicious selection of extracts from it, rela-
tive to domestic and rural economy, occa-
sionally appearing in your paper, (which I ob-
serve, is principally devoted to miscellane-
ous matter) would be neither unwelcome
nor uninteresting to your numerous subscri-
bers.

Pardon this hint, sir, and believe me to
be, with much good will,

Yours, &c.

VIGARESTES.

"The fly which is very often destructive
to cucumbers, melons, and pumpkins, may
be killed by sprinkling a mixture of tobacco-
water and red pepper, over the vines."

"A friend, E. B. Esq. informed the editor
that some years since, nearly all the cu-
cumber and melon vines in New Jersey,
were destroyed by a fly or bug. One day
he had occasion to ride by a miserable hut
in the woods, and perceiving a very flour-
ishing patch of cucumbers, he was induced
to dismount and to examine it. Upon ap-
proaching the spot he found it had formerly
been a charcoal heap. He took the hint,
and by strewing powdered charcoal round
about the vines when they first come up,
preserves his cucumbers effectually."

"Mr. J. W. of Philadelphia, informed
the editor, that he enriched the ground near
the trunk of a peach tree, and sowed some
cucumber seed, which came up very abund-
antly. He pulled up all the plants but one,
and permitted the vine to run up the tree.
It bore 150 cucumbers. The numerous
creepers with which the cucumber abounds,
and the result of this experiment, would
seem to point out the climbing nature of
this plant, and the great advantage aris-
ing from permitting it to attach itself to a
frame or tree, instead of confining it to the
ground."

"The seeds of melons and cucumbers are
apt to run too vigorously to vine, before
they emit a single fruit. To prevent this,
Dr. Darwin advises to wash the seeds clean
from their pulp, before they are put away
for preservation, and to keep them three or
four years before they are sown. The ex-
perienced Abercrombie (Mawes' Gardener)
confirms the advice to plant seeds two, three
or four years old."

STOCKBRIDGE, (Mass.) July 1.

We take the opportunity of announcing
throu' the medium of our paper, to the friends
of the unfortunate Mr. HENRY INGER-
SOLL, the most pleasing intelligence of his
probable release from a long and painful
confinement in the vaults of a prison in
South America, where this poor deluded,
innocent young man has been suffering with
great fortitude the most unexampled hard-
ships. Intelligence has just been received
in this town from Mr. Erskine, minister
of his Britannic majesty's at Wash-
ington, that an application made by him
through Mr. Hammond, his Britannic maj-
esty's secretary of state to admiral Apo-
daca, Spanish ambassador at the court of Lon-
don, has procured from the supreme govern-
ment of Spain (the junta of Seville) an order
to the government of Santa Fe, in
which province Carthagena, the place of his
confinement, is situated for his immediate
release.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

SATURDAY, JULY 22.

Ship United States, capt. Barnett,
this port, has arrived at Barbadoes in
treess.

DIED, at New-Orleans, on the 19th
June, Lieutenant William M. Lithgow,
the army of the United States.

BY THE LAST MAIL.

NEW-YORK, July 17.

LATE NEWS.

The schooner Edward, Thomas, 15
from Barbadoes, arrived yesterday at
quarantine ground. By this vessel
editors of the New York Gazette
received Barbadoes papers to the 21st
containing extracts from London
the 8th to the 23rd May. The articles
which we have copied are the most
important.

The London papers speak of a pro-
change in the ministry, in which the Duke
Portland, earl Camden, and lord Mulgrave
will be succeeded by earl Grey, the Duke
of Bedford, and Mr. George Ponsonby.

The British naval force in the Baltic
been considerably augmented. Rear-
Admiral Pickmore, in the St. George, has
sent to join sir James Saumarez on that
frontier. Some operations of great extent
expected to be carried on immediately
against Russia, in the event of her taking
part against Austria; which England
intended to deter her from; and in order to
conciliate her, the Russian admiral Simon
and the crews of the squadron, pledged
the convention of Cintra, have been a
home.

The Barbadoes papers state, that the
French frigates Felicie and Furie
of commodore Troude's squadron left
the Saints, after quitting Basseterre on
night of the 14th June put into St. Ma-
(one of them having sprung a leak) and
they were watched by a British squad-

Zamora.

BRIDGETOWN, (Bar.) June 1.
A large mass of intelligence has been
received since our last, brought in dup-
by the Adrian cutter, 34 days from
mouth, charged with naval despatches
by the Despatch three masted ship
Packet, in 31 days from Falmouth, with
second mail of May, both arrived on
day. Our selection from the London
papers (up to the 22d inclusive) enters
into the sanguinary events passing in
the vast theatre of war, now extended through
the north bank of the continent compris-
ed between the Baltic and the Adriatic.
we need scarcely further touch upon the
certainly is a melancholy task to record
versities; but it becomes a firm duty
to meet calamities, rather than indulge
ous hopes; for such only are now left
at the struggle of Austria, defeated
born down by the overwhelming power
Bonaparte's armies, already again ad-
to the capital of the empire. No de-
however yet appears in the Austrian army;
and it would seem that though the
usurper even enter Vienna in triumph,
may not altogether conquer the empire
many parts of which a popular feeling
been awakened that promises one
union for the salvation of the country
happy indeed shall we be to announce
the tide of success has turned against
dire tyrant.

The war in Austria, however, (and
some consolation) places Spain under
most auspicious circumstances; and by
the genius of Britain the expul-
the French from that important coun-
might reasonably be hoped for, did not
artifices of the modern Machiavelli
Usurpers train effect all the pur-
treason.

Portugal, present, upon the whole
pect more pleasing and prosperous
great army under a great comande-
now in the very heart of the country
with the British spirit following so
on the heels of the retreating enemy
long ere this we willingly persuade our
the subjugatory invaders have been
completely conquered or expelled.

Our government for the assis-
Portugal has granted a loan of 600,000
the prince regent, secured on the
of the island of Madeira.

The French government, we find,
refused the exchange of the prisoners
en at Martinique; and in conse-
have been carried to England, and
Ulysses, with several transports
arrived at Plymouth with them from
London.

Al-
Nantz, on the coast of
other regret to state the
Leeward, one of our
Gloire, is on shore
feared will be lost.

Lisbon mail arrived la-
packet which brought
Sontag with despatch
Wellesley. They are s-

ount of our army being
Oporto. Soulh
late on certain terms,
refused to take place
Sir Arthur's head qua-

or, where he had a for-
sh troops, and 14,000 P
evacuated Oporto, and
marante, where there
ys fighting with the F
der the command of
ich the French were be-

ons left in the garrison
The papers brought by t
li. They state that the
British army entered
orth ult. which is about 5
orto. They were receiv-
acclamations. Whilst
advancing against Soulh
opes of being relieved fro
ation by Marshal Vic
000 Spanish troops had e
the purpose of cutting off
attempt to effeet their
southern part of Galicia.

The news from Spain is
vorabile. Just before t
ere was a report in circ
tory having been gained
between Barcelona and Vi
outh they have made no
ney seem more inclined
dvance.

Whilst Soulh is expos-
the north of Portugal, Ne
anger in Spain. He can
and immediately after
out, he will have to enc
troops who are to enter

Zamora.

A large mass of Germ
ers have been received, o
variety of details, some
ortant, and all interesting
in with those which rela-

the north bank of the
Archduke Charles has ab-
you on the Regen, and hi
the Bohemian frontiers.

has induced Davoust to bi
lisbon, and having been
dotte between Reiden a
they have advanced to C
munich. The reports o

Whilst the war is for th
on the north bank of the
marches and changes of
parte is advancing on the
the main body of his arm
roads that lead from the
Wells. On the 21st, part

arrived at Sighard, a
vanced guard to Effring
of the army had reached L
Wells. The force em-
consists of three French

Darmstadt, Württemberg,
Bavarian troops. The
gen. Hiller, reinforced by
vals of troops from Vien
Trom, and taken a posi

where another battle is ex-
In the mean time the r
and Bavarian troops are
and the Tyrol, which is in
rection. There was som

on the 29

SATURDAY, JULY 22.

United States, capt. Barnett, has arrived at Barbadoes in

at New Orleans, on the 19th Lieutenant William M. Lithgow, of the United States.

Y THE LAST MAIL.

NEW-YORK, July 17.

LATE NEWS.

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London papers speak of a probable ministry, in which the duke of Cambridge, and lord Mulgrave succeeded by earl Grey, the duke of Wellington, and Mr. George Ponsonby, British naval force in the Baltic considerably augmented. Rear admiral knore, in the St. George, has been joined sir James Saumarez on that Some operations of great extent were to be carried on immediately Russia, in the event of her taking Austria; which England however her from; and in order to cover, the Russian admiral Sinyavin of the squadron, pledged invention of Cimra, have been so

Barbadoes papers state, that the frigates Felicie and Frorie, Commodore Troude's squadron lately, after quitting Basseterre on the 14th June put into St. Martin having sprung a leak) were watched by a British squadron.

BRIDGETOWN, (Bar.) June 27. Large mass of intelligence has been since our last, brought in duplicate. Adrian cutter, 34 days from Falmouth, with mail of May, both arrived on Saturday the 22d inclusive) enters so the sanguinary events passing on the theatre of war, now extended through the track of the continent comprehending the Baltic and the Adriatic, scarcely further touch upon them. It is a melancholy task to record these; but it becomes a firm mind calamities, rather than indulge fables; for such only are now mere the struggle of Austria, defeated own by the overwhelming power of the army, already again an adversary of the capital of the empire. No dejection yet appears in the Austrian government, and it would seem that though they enter Vienna in triumph, altogether conquer the empire, arts of which a popular feeling rakened that promises one general or the salvation of the country, indeed shall we be to announce the success has turned against.

war in Austria, however, (and consolation) places Spain under auspicious circumstances; and a genius of Britain the expulsion from that important country reasonably be hoped for, did not the modern Machiavels in their train effect all the purposes; but it becomes a firm mind calamities, rather than indulge fables; for such only are now mere the struggle of Austria, defeated own by the overwhelming power of the army, already again an adversary of the capital of the empire. No dejection yet appears in the Austrian government, and it would seem that though they enter Vienna in triumph, altogether conquer the empire, arts of which a popular feeling rakened that promises one general or the salvation of the country, indeed shall we be to announce the success has turned against.

In the mean time the rest of the French and Bavarian troops are gone to Salzburg and the Tyrol, which is in a state of insurrection. There was some warm fighting on the 29th in the neighborhood of Salzburg and in the town itself. Gen. Jellachich retired towards the Tyrol. How serious affairs are in that quarter, we may conjecture from the confessions even of the French themselves, that the whole of the northern Tyrol is in insurrection, that large bands of Tyrolese troops make incursions into Swabia and to the Lech, and carry off cattle and provisions in abundance. The Austrians meanwhile, according to the Zurich Gazette, have been successful in other quarters, have taken the important posts of Bregenz and Feldkirch, and have advanced as far south as Botzen, which was taken by storm. Co-operating with the division that came from Germany, another Austrian division entered the bishopric of Trent, had advanced to Trent, where the French papers say there was a warm action. This naturally directs our attention to the state of the war in Italy.

The first operations of the war in that quarter have been extremely successful.—From the Tagliamento the French have

His Majesty's frigate Alcmene has been at Nantz, on the coast of France; and further regret to state that by accounts of Leeward, one of our frigates (supposed to be the Gloire,) is on shore of Mariagalante is feared will be lost.

LONDON, May 19. A Lisbon mail arrived late last night, and packet which brought it, brought also Sontag with despatches from sir Arthur Wellesley. They are said to contain an account of our army being with 24 hours of Oporto. Soult had offered to capitulate on certain terms, but which have been refused by sir A. Wellesley. A battle was expected to take place on the 5th inst.

Sir Arthur's head quarters were at Coimbra, where he had a force of 18,000 English troops, and 14,000 Portuguese. Soult had evacuated Oporto, and had marched to Amarante, where there had been several days fighting with the Portuguese troops under the command of gen. Alveras, in which the French were beaten in every action. There are about 3 or 400 French troops left in the garrison of Oporto.

The papers brought by the mail are to the 1st. They state that the first division of the British army entered Coimbra on the 10th ult. which is about 50 miles from Oporto. They were received with the loudest acclamations. Whilst the British were advancing against Soult, who had lost all hopes of being relieved from his perilous situation by Marshal Victor, a division of 9000 Spanish troops had entered Chaves, for the purpose of cutting off the French should they attempt to effect their retreat into the southern part of Galicia.

The news from Spain is by no means unfavorable. Just before this packet sailed, there was a report in circulation, of a great victory having been gained by gen. Reding, between Barcelona and Villafranca. In the south they have made no progress; indeed they seem more inclined to fall back than advance.

Whilst Soult is exposed to this peril in the north of Portugal, Ney is in little less danger in Spain. He cannot be reinforced, and immediately after the surrender of Soult, he will have to encounter the British troops who are to enter Spain by way of Zamora.

A large mass of German and Dutch papers have been received, containing a great variety of details, some of which are important, and all interesting. We shall begin with those which relate to the operations on the north bank of the Danube. The archduke Charles has abandoned his position on the Regen, and has retired towards the Bohemian frontiers. This movement has induced Davoust to break up from Ratisbon, and having been joined by Bernadotte between Reiden and Schwandorf, they have advanced to Cham and Waffmunchen. The reports of battles between the archduke and the French are unfounded.

Whilst the war is for the present confined on the north bank of the Danube, to mere marches and changes of position. Bonaparte is advancing on the south bank with the main body of his army along the two roads that lead from the Inn to Lintz and Wells. On the 2d, part of the army had arrived at Sigharding, pushed on its advanced guard to Efferding: the remainder of the army had reached Reid on the road to Wells. The force employed in this part consists of three French divisions, and the Darmstadt, Wurtemberg, and part of the Bavarian troops. The Austrians under gen. Hiller, reinforced by successive arrivals of troops from Vienna have passed the Trout, and taken a position behind Wells, where another battle is expected.

In the mean time the rest of the French and Bavarian troops are gone to Salzburg and the Tyrol, which is in a state of insurrection. There was some warm fighting on the 29th in the neighborhood of Salzburg and in the town itself. Gen. Jellachich retired towards the Tyrol. How serious affairs are in that quarter, we may conjecture from the confessions even of the French themselves, that the whole of the northern Tyrol is in insurrection, that large bands of Tyrolese troops make incursions into Swabia and to the Lech, and carry off cattle and provisions in abundance. The Austrians meanwhile, according to the Zurich Gazette, have been successful in other quarters, have taken the important posts of Bregenz and Feldkirch, and have advanced as far south as Botzen, which was taken by storm. Co-operating with the division that came from Germany, another Austrian division entered the bishopric of Trent, had advanced to Trent, where the French papers say there was a warm action. This naturally directs our attention to the state of the war in Italy.

The first operations of the war in that quarter have been extremely successful.—From the Tagliamento the French have

been driven back, and the Austrians successively took Vicenza and Padua, and advanced over the Adige. From thence they sent a part of their army, which, ascending that river, advanced to Trent. The unfortunate turn however of affairs in Germany obliged the archduke John to send 30,000 men thither, and his career was stopped on the Adige. The last accounts, dated on the 2d of May, left the French head quarters at Montebello, between Verona and Vicenza, and the Austrians on the other side of Vicenza. The bulletins and proclamations of the Austrians have produced considerable effect in that part of Italy, and in some places the people have risen.

Whilst the Dutch, French, and German papers, combine in giving accounts of the uninterrupted success of the French in Germany private letters from Holland speak of their having experienced a reverse of fortune at Lintz, where they report a battle to have taken place about the 3d, in which the French were defeated, and forced to fall back to the Inn. These letters are of the 15th, and state, that all German mails had been stopped by order of Bonaparte; a rumor was in circulation that the French had been defeated near Lintz about the 3d inst. and had lost 12,000 men; six generals killed, and one marshal; that the Austrians had retaken all their cannon, and regained their former positions, &c.

May 22.

On the 9th instant, the van of the French army under the Duke of Montebello, (Marshal Lasnes) was at Sigartskirchen, within 12 miles of Vienna, and Bonaparte had his head-quarters at St. Polten, about 26 miles from that capital. This important intelligence is communicated in the 5th bulletin of the French army. It appears from these important documents, that on the 4th, the Duke of Montebello crossed the river Enns at Steyer, and arrived at Arnshtett on the 5th; at Molck on the 6th; at St. Polten on the 7th; at Perschling on the 8th; from which place he proceeded the next day to Sigartskirchen. Bonaparte and his staff were close on the rear of Marshal Lasnes, and that of the Duke of Auerstadt (Marshal Davoust) one day's march behind that of Massena. Except a slight affair at Amstetten, the advancing army do not appear to have experienced any resistance. On their approach the Austrians, under archduke Lewis and general Hiller, retreated before them until they came to St. Polten, where they separated on the 6th. Two-thirds passed to the northern side of the Danube, at Krems, and the other third proceeded to Vienna. With respect to the other French corps, we find that Bernadotte's corps is detained in Bohemia by the archduke Charles, and had entered Egra, and that of the duke of Dantzig (marshal Lefebvre) was marching against the Tyrol. The anxiety produced by the insurrection in the north of Germany, headed by colonel Schill, proves that it is of magnitude, and threatens serious consequences. A corps of observation is to be formed on the Elbe, under the duke of Valmy, to restrain it. It is to consist of 60,000 men. Schill's force, according to the German papers, amounted to 40,000 men.

Besides the Dutch papers to the 17th, we have received French papers to the 14th, and German to the 13th instant. The latter contains a continuation of the series of the Austrian bulletins to the 14th number inclusive.

That Bonaparte would fulfil his menace of entering Vienna a second time, has always appeared to us highly probable; but it will in no degree decide the result of the campaign, if the government & people of Austria are united, firm and determined. On the contrary, notwithstanding the past victories, and the talents, the means and the prodigious reputation of the Corsican invader, we consider his position as most critical, and even becoming hourly more so, in proportion as he advances. The Austrian armies, though they have been beaten and repulsed on various occasions, are not disorganized nor destroyed. No Macks have as yet appeared among them; no despondency or symptoms of submission have hitherto been manifested by the emperor. Napoleon evidently betrays his sense of the emergency, and the crisis, in which his house and his fortunes are involved, by the measures to which he has recourse. Joachim Murat it seems, has been summoned from Naples to defend his own and his master's thrones; while Louis and his queen are ordered to attend him at Vienna. From every part of Europe his legions are called in, and the very crews of his ships of war if we may believe the Dutch themselves, are sent to join the armies of an Italian usurper, on the confines of Hungary, at the distance of 700 miles from Flushing. How great, the consternation is that pervades Bavaria we may trace in the conduct of the king of that country, who neither dares to remain

himself at Munich, nor considers the public records as safe in any part of his dominions. He has taken refuge at Augsburg, while the archives have been removed to Zurich, in Switzerland. Insurrections run through all the north and centre of Germany, and only waits for further proofs of the Austrian cabinet, to involve in its effects the circles of Lower Saxony, Franconia, & Westphalia. Nor have we ever doubted that the king of Prussia and the elector of Saxony, will declare against the common scourge & tyrant of Europe, as soon as they shall see a chance of extrication. Even the Russian emperor, however subservient or enslaved he may have shewn himself at Tilsit and Erfurt, will, we imagine temporise, and finally join the successful tide.

JULY 18.

Capture of the Toulon Fleet, &c.

Captain Dashill, of the sloop Henry, 8 days from Bermuda, (arrived here on Sunday) informs us, that he left Martinique on the 27th of June, and on that day advices were received there of the capture of the Toulon fleet by lord Collingwood, consisting of 5 sail of the line, 6 or 7 frigates, and 30 transports, with the French garrison of Barcelona on board. They were sent into Gibraltar.

A vessel had arrived at Martinique, having spoken on her passage an American ship from Gibraltar, the captain of which stated that lord Collingwood arrived at Gibraltar previous to his sailing, with the French fleet.

A letter received from St. Croix, by the Richard, of the 2d of July, confirms the above account of the capture of the French fleet.

NORFOLK, July 16.

Arrived, schr. Catharine Shepherd, Webb, 11 days from Antigua. Left there July 6, Ship Commerce, Crowdhill, Alexandria;—Brigs, Louisa, M'Namara, do. to sail in 8 days; Sally & Eliza, Bell, do. Adeline, Potter, George Town, in a few days; Venus, Horton, New York; Sally, Watts, Boston; Olive Branch, Newton, New-Haven; Laura, Ward, New-Hampshire; schr's Ann Maria, Weston, East River, in a few days; Maria, M'Night, G.o. Town; Favorite, Jackson, North Carolina; Regulator, Butler, Rhode Island; Mary and Francis, Drummond, Wiscasset; Walter, Selby, —; Ann and Susan, —; Unis, Worthing, —; Gardner, Vicker, —; Ruby, Small, —. Spoke, July 13, in lat. 28° 50', long. 70, 30, brig Alexandria, of and for Philadelphia, from St. Kitts, out 7 days.

A political work of extraordinary interest has just made its appearance from the press. It is entitled memoirs of the hon. Thomas Jefferson, secretary of state, vice president, and President of the U. States of America; containing a concise history of those states from the acknowledgement of their independence with a view of the rise and progress of French influence and French principles in that country. These memoirs are comprised in two volumes 8vo. and filled with matter of the most serious and important nature. The life of the late president is examined from the beginning of the existence of the U. States, up to the moment of his leaving the chair of government; the difficulties thrown in the way of the administration of President Washington—the continued effort to infect the country with new and pernicious principles—the system of intrigue and calumny—and the multiplied acts of weakness and wickedness, which have disgraced the presidency of Mr. Jefferson, are brought into historical order, and canvassed with historical freedom. The state of the case between the country and general Wilkinson, and between gen. Wilkinson and Mr. Jefferson, occupies a proper portion of the writer's attention, and will not fail to engage that of the reader. The political truths which it belongs to this book to inculcate, are conveyed with remarkable force, and will not fail in making a correspondent impression.

[N. Y. Ev. Post.]

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

JULY 21, 1809.

ORDERED,

That the committee heretofore appointed to rent out the DOCK at the east end of Prince-street, do proceed to rent out the same for one or more years, not exceeding five, and that the said committee do inform the person or persons renting the same, that the Common Council will defend the title of the Corporation to the same, against the claim of Elisha Janney or of any person claiming under him, and to require security for the rent.

Extract from the minutes,

ADAM LYNN, c. c.

Printing in its various branches executed with accuracy and dispatch.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RESCONDED from the service of the subscriber a few days since, a negro woman, named ALLY, a large woman, has lost some of her fore teeth and has remarkable large feet, between thirty and forty years of age—has a variety of cloathing—she was seen on Sunday last in the city of Washington, but it is believed she is lurking about Alexandria, or some of Mr. Custis's quarters from whom I purchased her. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and securing her so that I get her again, and reasonable charges if brought home.

MARY RESSLER.

July 7—(22) eo3st
N. B. All captains or masters of vessels and all others are forewarned harboring or assisting the escape of said negro, at their peril. M. R.

ADVERTISEMENT.

I wish to RENT for one or more years, A VALUABLE MILL, which is in good order for manufacturing wheat into flour, and also well calculated for country work, in Fairfax county, on the direct road leading from Leesburg to Alexandria; with two water wheels, one 21 feet high, one 20 feet high, with one pair of five feet boulders and one pair of four and half feet country stones, and a place for another pair of boulders which can be in order in a short time if required—it has every machinery necessary. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Fairfax county, Virginia.

William Sheppard,

July 22. eo3st
FOR SALE.
I will sell upon advantageous terms, on the second day of August ensuing, if not disposed of by private agreement, the HOUSE and LOT, with all its improvements, situated at the corners of Washington and Queen-streets, and at present occupied by Mr. Jacob Hoffman. The terms of sale will be made known at the time.

John Wise.

July 20. th s tu & fr
RECOMMENDATION.
THE Superintendent of Police recommends to the citizens of Alexandria, during the warm season, a frequent use of LIME in their Privies and other parts of their premises where filth accumulates—and the greatest attention is required to the keeping clean and dry their cellars, so that no stagnant water be left in them.

He particularly requests the proprietors of unoccupied houses and cellars to cause them frequently to be opened and aired—housekeepers are required to cause all the rubbish accumulated in their back yards to be thrown into the streets that the scavengers carts may take it away.

John Longden,
Superintendent of Police.

June 27. N O T I C E .
On SATURDAY, the 22d instant, at four o'clock, P. M. will be let to the highest bidder, for a term not exceeding five years:

The DOCK at the east end of Prince-street, with the privilege of the wharf at the end, and on the south side of said dock—by order of the Common Council.

ROBERT ANDERSON,
ALEX. M'KENZIE,
THOMAS LAWRAZON,
WILLIAM NEWTON,
Committee of Council.

July 18. N O T I C E .
THE property in the wharf at the south side of Prince-street, proposed to be let on the 22d instant by Robert Anderson, Alexander M'Kenzie, Thomas Lawrason & William Newton, a committee of the common council, agreeable to the above advertisement, as far as the lot lately occupied by Elisha Janney, extends westwardly upon the said street, is hereby made known to be vested in the subscriber as trustee for the creditors of the said Janney—All persons are therefore forewarned from renting the same or any part thereof, in pursuance of the advertisement aforesaid.

Richard M. Scott, Trustee.
July 17. dts

Public Sale.

On Saturday the 22d instant at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold at the house of the late John Sellers on Prince-street, all the personal estate of the deceased;

CONSISTING OF Household and Kitchen furniture, a quantity of carpenter's and cabinet-makers tools, a turners lathe, and an

Elegant organized Piano Forte. The conditions to be made known at the time and place of sale.

Susan Sellers, adm'r. eo3st

July 10.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Great Hunting Creek Bridge Co. are hereby notified, that an instalment of *Ten Dollars* on each share is called for and must be paid to the subscriber on or before the 5th day of August next.

By order of the President and Directors.

John Hooft, Treasurer.

July 19. dtsth Aug

Just Received For Sale by
ROBERT GRAY,
NAUTICAL ALMANACS
FOR THE YEARS 1809 and 10,
With Register Tables.
—ALSO—
A Few Copies of a

French Pronouncing Dictionary.

July 14.

TO MILLERS.

I HAVE invented a machine called a Wheat Rubber, for which I obtained a patent on the first day of this month. This machine may be seen in operation in the mill of Nathaniel Ellicott, Occoquan. Those millers who feel an interest in investigating its merit and have not an opportunity of visiting Occoquan, may be fully informed by application to Mr. Ellicott by letter. My Wheat-Rubber, I do verily believe is upon entire new principles, the cost of erecting it trifling, the materials of which it is composed easily attainable in any part of our country, and the plan simple in the extreme: any workman of common capacity will be enabled to erect it from description only. Practical millers know, that in a great proportion of the wheat that comes to market (from the manner it is stacked in the fields by the farmers and exposed to the weather) a number of sprouted and unsound grains mingle with the mass, and has eluded the ingenuity of the miller to separate it from the sound grain—they also know those unsound grains injure materially the taste and color of flour—my machine not only frees the wheat of stones, onion, cockle, dirt, &c. but does absolutely take from it every unsound grain, from what cause soever it may have been injured, as my machine will not let any unsound wheat pass it—millers may have their screen wire much finer than hitherto used, and thereby save considerably—it will also be found that the grain in passing the rubber, is polished, and that even the eyes of the wheat is picked perfectly clean of dust or dirt. Some instances having occurred of certificates being obtained, saying much more in favor of a new invention than the public are willing to admit after trial—I hope it will be a sufficient apology for my taking a different course. My price for the privilege of using the rubber is fifty dollars for each pair of wheat stones the mill contains.

Letters directed to me post paid shall be attended to.

James Deneale.

Dumfries, Va. July 10.—11. d2w law2m

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLASSES, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 10.

New Publications,

FOR SALE
At COTTON & STEWART's Bookstore.
CRANCH's Reports, 4 volumes.
Hening and Mumford's Reports.
Sugden's Law of Vendors and Purchasers of Estates.

East's Reports, volume 9.

Law's on Pleading.

American Pleader's Assistant.

Harrison's Chancery-Reports.

Roberts on Frauds.

Woodward on Executive.

Hungarian Brothers, a novel, by Miss Porter.

Thaddeus of Warsaw, do. by Miss Porter.

Patriotic Sketches of Ireland, by Miss Owenson.

Georgics and Bees, by R. Southey.

Elizabeth, or Exiles of Siberia, by Mrs. Cottin.

Griffith Abbey, by Mrs. Mathews.

Public Sale.

On Saturday the 22d instant at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold at the house of the late John Sellers on Prince-street, all the personal estate of the deceased;

CONSISTING OF

Household and Kitchen furniture, a quantity of carpenter's and cabinet-makers tools, a turners lathe, and an

Elegant organized Piano Forte. The conditions to be made known at the time and place of sale.

Susan Sellers, adm'x.

July 10.

eo2w

NEW PUBLICATIONS,

Just Received

FOR SALE BY

James Kennedy, sen.

Bookeller King-street.

Miss Owenson's Patriotic Sketches of Ireland.

—Ida of Athens, 2 vols.

Hungarian Brothers, 2 vols. by Miss Porter.

Thaddeus of Warsaw, 2 vols. do.

Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs. Grant.

John De Lancaster, a novel, by Cumberland.

Griffith Abbey, do. Mrs. Matthews

Roderick Random, a new and elegant edition,

2 vols.

Abællino, a Romance, by Lewis.

Romantic Tales, 2 vols. do.

Letters supposed to have passed between Waller and St. Evremont.

Harriett's struggles through life, 2 vols.

Surr's Winter in London, 2 vols.

Lovers of La Vendee, 2 vols.

The Lady's Pocket Library.

The Complete Farrier.

Dr. Goldsmith's Miscellaneous Works, a new and elegant edition, 1st vol.

The Sonnets of Petrarch—elegant.

AND

A good assortment of Latin and Greek classical and English school books.

Children's books, and

Book of Trades, with handsome plates.

Geographical Cards.

A variety of the best Stationary and fashionable Paper Hangings.

ALSO,

Blank account and record books.

Merchant's account books, made to any pattern, of the best materials, with patent ruling and binding.

July 18. eost

YARWOOD'S Patent Washing Machine.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine, which by daily experience proves to answer the intended purpose, and for which the demand is great. He has already disposed of his rights to the state of Maryland, and some counties in Virginia, and is willing to dispose of rights for counties in the different states to the southward of the Potomac river, and also for the territory of Louisiana. Masters of vessels will find it particularly useful.

Wm. C. Newton,
Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

June 22.

A further proof of Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloaths of every description, and do hereby recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloaths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann McCarren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Dick, Susanna Rounsville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsenger, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fitchugh, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey.

Any person who wishes to purchase ready-made Machines, can be supplied by calling on the subscriber or John Trout, who is now manufacturing them on Alfred street, Alexandria.

I wish to employ from 15 to 20 hands who can work at the Joiners' business—also I will sell out my Grocery Store at the Potomac bridge, if applied to soon; for which I will give a short credit on a part; or I will take part in part pay. The purchaser can have the store house which is a good stand for business.

Wm. C. NEWTON.

TO HIRE,
A Light Running Coach, two good horses and a careful driver. Apply to

G. M'MUNN.

July 18. eotf.

Fresh Turnip Seed for Sale.

The subscriber has for sale the following kinds, viz.

The Red Top, Norfolk, & Long Rooted winter Turnip Seed.

ALSO,

A general assortment of GARDEN SEEDS, as usual. Apply at the nursery, lower end of Pitt-street, Alexandria.

Peter Billy.

July 18. co3t

FOR SALE,

Mrs. Law's FARM, near this town. Terms, which will be very accommodating, made known by WALTER JONES Esq. in Washington.

May 30.

eo2

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Corner of King and Union-streets,

HAS FOR SALE,

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey.

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in casks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and New England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and barrels.

Do inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheads.

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garret's Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco,

Madder, Copperas, Soal Leather, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families,

a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats,

Plaster of Paris, &c.

April 17. d

PROPOSALS,

BY KIMBER AND CONRAD,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

AND

JAMES KENNEDY, SENIOR,

ALEXANDRIA,

For publishing by Subscription,

A GENERAL COLLECTION

of

VOYAGES AND TRAVELS.

Forming a complete History, of the Origin and Progress of Discovery, by Sea and Land, from the earliest ages to the present time. Preceded by an Historical Introduction, and Critical Catalogue of Books of Voyages and Travels: And illustrated and adorned with numerous Engravings.

BY JOHN PINKERTON,

AUTHOR OF MODERN GEOGRAPHY, &c.

CONDITIONS.

The work will be handsomely printed, in quarto, on a fine paper and with a new type; and will be put to press as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained.

It is expected the work will be completed in ten or twelve volumes, each containing between eight and nine hundred pages of letter press, besides several elegant engravings.

A quarter of a volume, or one number, is proposed to be published on the first day of every month, at 2 dollars, payable on delivery. To non-subscribers the price will be considerably enhanced.

A list of the names of such as patronise this valuable work by subscription, will be published in the last volume.

The English edition sells at 14 dollars a volume.

* * * SUBSCRIPTIONS received by JAMES KENNEDY, senior, Alexandria.

July 7.

Just Published,

FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

A CELEBRATED ROMANCE ENTITLED

ABAELLINO,

THE BRAVO OF VENICE.

Translated from the German, by M. G. Lewis, the well known author of the Castle Spectre, Monk, Adelgitha, &c. &c. Price, handsomely bound, one dollar—the English edition sold at one dollar seventy five cents.

What black Musician conjures up this fiend? What, do you tremble, are ye all afraid? Alas, I blame ye not, for ye are mortal, And mortal eyes cannot endure the devil—Avant, thou dreadful Minister of Hell.

RICHARD III.

In justice to this excellent Romance, we need only remark, that the Grand Dramatic piece, which for several seasons past drew such full houses to our theatre, is founded on the same subject, as translated by Dunlap; but the acknowledged superiority of Lewis's writings or translations in the Romance style, being so far superior to any other of our modern authors, leaves encomium unnecessary with the publishers.

NOTE. Five editions of this Romance were sold in a very short time, after publication in London—it is dedicated to the Earl of Moira, by Lewis.